

### **ACADEMIC SKILLS**

**READING** Identifying examples

GRAMMAR / WRITING Using infinitives of purpose

Using and, but, and or

CRITICAL THINKING Applying advice

### THINK AND DISCUSS

- 1 Do you take a lot of pictures? What do you take pictures of?
- 2 Do you share pictures online? Which ones?

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### **EXPLORE THE THEME**

- A Look at the information on these pages and answer the questions.
  - 1. What are some ways that photography has changed since it was invented?
  - **2.** Why has the number of photographs taken increased so much in recent years?

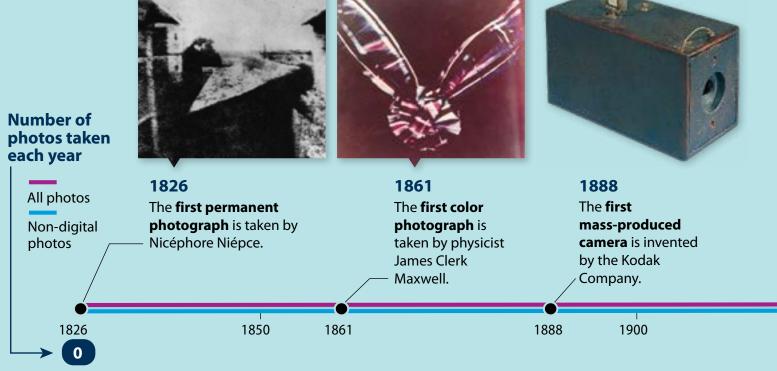
### B Match the correct form of the words in blue to their definitions.

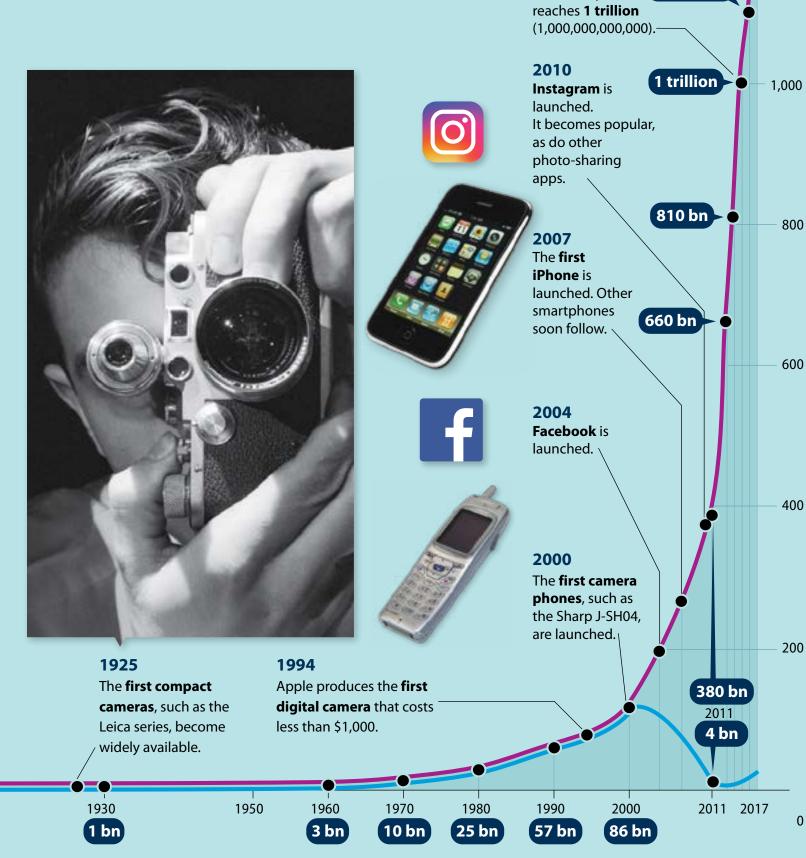
\_\_\_\_\_ (n) a picture made with a camera \_\_\_\_\_ (v) to put on a website for other people to see \_\_\_\_\_ (n) people who use computers, software, or websites

# TAKING PICTURES

The graph on this page shows moments in the history of photography. Between 2011 and 2017, more **photos** were taken than in all history before 2011: more than five trillion (5,000,000,000,000).

This huge increase is mainly because of the rise of smartphones and social media. Facebook **users** share over 300 million photos every day, and Instagram users **post** more than 80 million photos a day. It seems that today we really are living in a visual age.





**Billions of photos** 

**1.2 trillion > ●**- 1,200

1.1 trillion

2015

The number

taken in a year

of photos

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## Reading 1

### PREPARING TO READ

VOCABULARY

BUILDING A The words in blue below are used in the reading passage on pages 59–60. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words.

When you join a group, you become a part of that group.

A **hobby** is an activity you do for fun.

When you communicate with someone, you share information.

Your opinion is what you think about something.

When you click on something, you point at it using your computer mouse and

When you **contact** someone, you call them or write to them.

When you find out something, you learn about it.

	1. You can	$\_$ how to do many things on the website wikiHow
	2. Around two billion people have _	Facebook since it began
	3. Social media has changed the wa	y we with friends and family.
	4. I the wrong	g link and went to a strange website.
	5. Many people use social media site	es to old friends.
	6. Photography is a very popular	these days.
	7. If you have a(n) comment on it.	about an online article, you can post a
USING VOCABULARY	1. three popular <b>hobbies</b>	elow. Then share your ideas with a partner.
	2. three websites you've <b>joined</b>	
	3. three apps that let you <b>communi</b>	cate with your friends
PREVIEWING	C Look at the photos and read the cap describes Chris Burkard?	otions on pages 59–60. Which of the following be

- st
  - a. a photographer who became popular on social media
  - b. a famous surfer who has many followers on Facebook
  - c. a businessman who created the photo-sharing app Instagram



# SHARING SUCCESS

### **○** 7

From a young age, photography was more than just a hobby for Chris Burkard. His amazing photos of surfers in wild locations helped him start a successful career. In 2013, however, something happened that took his career to new heights.

While on a photography trip in Iceland, a surfer introduced Burkard to a B photo-sharing app called Instagram. Burkard decided to join, and started posting images. Four years later, he had over 2 million Instagram followers.

Photo-sharing sites like Instagram, Imgur, and Flickr are getting more and more popular. In 2011, Instagram had 5 million users. By 2016, that number was 500 million. Sites like these are helping photographers like Burkard connect with a large number of people.

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So how do you make a successful photo-sharing account? Here are some tips that might help you become the next Chris Burkard.

- 1. Be yourself. Be different. Don't try to be like anyone else. Create your own unique style.
- 2. Get connected. Share posts from your photo-sharing account on other social media sites. When people see your posts, they might click on them and go to your photo-sharing account.
- 3. Choose hashtags carefully. Look at other accounts to find out which hashtags are popular, and use them. For example, many people use the hashtag #getoutside for photos of the outdoors. There are about 6 million Instagram photos with that hashtag. So if you use it, people who like these 6 million photos will be more likely to find you.
- 4. Contact other people. Follow and comment on other users' posts. When you do this, they are more likely to post comments on yours.
- 5. Communicate with your followers. Make them feel like they are part of a community.1 For example, ask questions in your captions, and share your own ideas and opinions.

D



### UNDERSTANDING THE READING

	information from the readin	g passage.	UNDERSTANDING MAIN IDEAS
n <sup>1</sup> , Chris Burka	ard was introduced to the pho	to-sharing app Instagram.	WINTIVIDENS
Burkard already had a success	sful career in 2 H	He was well-known for his	
amazing photos of <sup>3</sup>	But the photo-sharing a	pp helped take his career	
to a new level. By <sup>4</sup>	, Burkard had more than 2	million followers. Other	
ohotographers are also findin	ng that image-sharing sites like	e Instagram, <sup>5</sup> ,	
and <sup>6</sup> are helpir	ng them connect with a huge	audience.	
Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the advice that the	e author of the article would	agree with.	UNDERSTANDING
☐ a. Use hashtags that nob	ody else is using.		DETAILS
☐ b. Share your opinions wl	-		
☐ c. It's a good idea to com	nment on other people's posts		
$\square$ d. Try to post photos that	t are different from other peop	ole's.	
☐ e. Use only one social me	edia site to post your photos.		
	wing words in the reading or and the meaning. Then write	. 9	CRITICAL THINKING GUESSING MEANING FROM CONTEXT
wild (paragraph A)	followers (paragraph B)	unique (paragraph D)	
1(ā	adj) different from everything	else	
) (=	adj) natural, not controlled by	people	
	•	•	
	n) people who receive news a else on social media	•	
CRITICAL THINKING example, if you read an art	n) people who receive news a else on social media	idea in a new way. For oply that advice to your own	
CRITICAL THINKING example, if you read an art situation. This can help you	n) people who receive news a else on social media  Applying means using an ticle that gives advice, try to a	idea in a new way. For oply that advice to your owner.	CRITICAL THINKING APPLYING
CRITICAL THINKING example, if you read an art situation. This can help you	Applying means using an ticle that gives advice, try to as u understand the advice better a new Instagram account and ice given in the article to ans	idea in a new way. For oply that advice to your owner.	
CRITICAL THINKING example, if you read an art situation. This can help you  Imagine you are setting up a your own ideas and the adv  1. What would you take pho	Applying means using an ticle that gives advice, try to as u understand the advice better a new Instagram account and ice given in the article to ans	idea in a new way. For oply that advice to your owner.  I want to be successful. Use wer the questions.	
CRITICAL THINKING example, if you read an art situation. This can help you  Imagine you are setting up a your own ideas and the adv  1. What would you take pho	Applying means using an ticle that gives advice, try to apu understand the advice better a new Instagram account and ice given in the article to ansotos of?	idea in a new way. For oply that advice to your owner.  I want to be successful. Use wer the questions.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A **community** is a group of people who live in the same area or who have similar interests.

### DEVELOPING READING SKILLS

### **READING SKILL** Identifying Examples

Writers use certain words and phrases to introduce examples.

Social media sites **like** Facebook and Twitter have become popular in many countries.

There are several things you can do to take better selfies. **For example**, make sure you are facing the light.

Remember to use a comma after For example.

### IDENTIFYING EXAMPLES

- These sentences are from the reading passage on pages 59–60. Underline the examples.
  - 1. Photo-sharing sites like Instagram, Imgur, and Flickr are getting more and more
  - 2. Choose hashtags carefully. Look at other accounts to find out which hashtags are popular, and use them. For example, many people use the hashtag #getoutside for photos of the outdoors.
  - 3. Communicate with your followers. Make them feel like they are part of a community. For example, ask questions in your captions, and share your own ideas and opinions.

### IDENTIFYING EXAMPLES

- **B** Match the examples (a-e) to the sentences or sentence parts (1-5).
  - 1. There are many search engines you can use, \_\_\_\_
  - 2. You can share many different types of things on social media sites. \_\_\_\_
  - 3. Some of the most popular images on Instagram are of cute animals \_\_\_\_
  - 4. Edit your photos before you post them. \_\_\_\_
  - 5. Hashtags \_\_\_\_
  - a. For example, you can post photos, videos, text, and links to other websites.
  - b. like #love, #cute, and #selfie are very popular.
  - c. like Google and Bing.
  - d. For example, use photo editing apps that make your pictures look clearer or brighter.
  - e. like cats or dogs.

### EXAMPLES

- IDENTIFYING C Go back to Reading 2 in Unit 3 on page 48. Look at the paragraphs listed below and find:
  - 1. an example of a play written by William Shakespeare (paragraph E)
  - 2. two examples of artists whose work is in the National Gallery, London (paragraph F)
  - 3. two examples of movies in which Buckingham Palace appears (paragraph G)



### **BEFORE VIEWING**

A Look at the photo and read the caption. Why do you think this image was so popular?

DISCUSSION

**B** Read the information about Instagram. Then answer the guestions.

LEARNING ABOUT THE TOPIC

Since its launch in 2010, Instagram has become one of the most widely used imagesharing apps in the world. Around 90 percent of Instagram users are under the age of 35. Many of the most popular accounts are held by famous people. Taylor Swift, for example, has over 100 million Instagram followers. Photos of the natural world are also popular. One of the most popular accounts belongs to National Geographic. The photos posted by the organization have been "liked" more than 3 billion times.

- 1. What kinds of Instagram accounts have the most followers?
- 2. What kinds of photos do you think National Geographic posts on Instagram?

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### VOCABULARY IN CONTEXT

The words in **bold** below are used in the video. Match the correct form of each word with its definition.

The Asian elephant is an **endangered species**. Not many remain in the wild. It's possible to take some great photos at **dawn**.

A female tiger usually gives birth to three or four **cubs**.

(n) the time of day when the sun is coming up
(n) a young wild animal, such as a bear or lion
(n) a group of animals that could disappear

### WHILE VIEWING

### UNDERSTANDING MAIN IDEAS

Watch the video. Check  $(\checkmark)$  the three things that are true about all the photos in the video.

☐ They are all photos of animals.

- ☐ They all received over a million "likes" on Instagram.
- ☐ They were all taken by the same photographer.
- ☐ They were all posted on National Geographic's Instagram account.

### UNDERSTANDING DETAILS

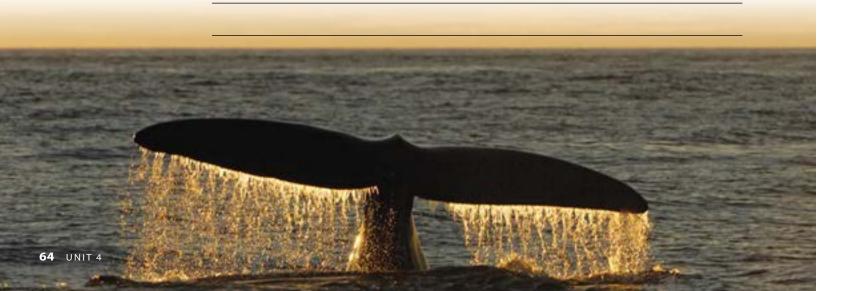
Watch the video again. Match the sentence parts to describe the photos.

- 1. The photo of the elephants \_\_\_\_
- 2. The photo of the birds \_\_\_\_
- 3. The photo of the leopard \_\_\_\_
- 4. The photo of the whale \_\_\_\_
- 5. The photo of the tigers \_\_\_\_
- a. was taken in the evening.
- b. made the photographer cry.
- c. was taken in the early morning.
- d. is part of a project to save endangered species.
- e. shows just a part of the animal.

### **AFTER VIEWING**

REACTING TO THE VIDEO A Which photo do you like the best? Why? Discuss with a partner.

REACTING TO THE VIDEO **B** Which photo in the video do you think was most difficult to capture? Why? Note your ideas below and then discuss with a partner.



## Reading 2

### PREPARING TO READ

A The words in blue below are used in the reading passage on pages 66–67. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words.

BUILDING VOCABULARY

	direction (n) the general line that something moves along	
	prize (n) something you receive if you win a competition	
	<b>shadow</b> (n) a dark shape made when you block light	
	appear (v) to become possible to be seen	
	<b>believe</b> (v) to think something is true	
	guess (v) to give an answer or opinion without being sure it is correct	
	missing (adj) not able to be seen or found	
	real (adj) not false or fake	
1.	1. Can you which of these two photos is not	?
2.	2. When taking a photo, it's important to consider the the	ight is

۷.	coming from.
3.	Your gets longer in the evening when the sun is low in the sky.
4.	The police officer showed me a photo of a person he was looking for.
5.	The photographer waited for a long time before a shark from below the water.
6.	He told me the photo was real, but I didn't him.
7.	My friend won a \$100 in a photography competition.

	•	-
1. Can you remember a photo or piece o	f news that <b>appeare</b>	ed on social media but was
not <b>real</b> ? What was it?		

**B** Note answers to the questions below. Then share your ideas with a partner.

VOCABULARY S

USING

2. Did you **believe** the story / photo at first, or could you **guess** that it was fake?

C Read the first paragraph of the reading on pages 66–67. Discuss the question with a partner. Check your ideas as you read the passage.

PREVIEWING

# IS IT REAL?

 $\wedge$  8

Look at the two shark photos on this page. One is **real**, but the other is fake. Can you tell which is which?

In 2016, a dramatic<sup>2</sup> photo of a great white shark jumping out of the water appeared on Twitter and went viral.<sup>3</sup> The person who posted the photo called himself Bob Burton. He said he was National Geographic's top photographer, and that the picture was National Geographic's photo of the year.

But none of this was true. There is no one called Bob Burton at National Geographic. There isn't even a National Geographic prize for photo of the year. And, most importantly, the photo itself wasn't real—it was made on a computer by joining together several<sup>4</sup> other photos.

With computer technology and social media, it is much easier now to make and share fake images. So how is it possible to tell if a photo is real? First, look for a source. Where does the photo come from? Is there a photographer's name? Can you find any information about them on the Internet? Second, look for clues in the photo. Sometimes the direction of light and shadows is wrong. Is anything in the photo too big or too small, or is anything missing?

So did you guess correctly? The fake photo is the one at the top of the page. When you look closely, you can see that something is not quite right. The movement and shape of the water don't look natural. The lighting also looks a little too bright. The one below it, however, is completely real. This amazing photo was taken by Chris Fallows. Fallows has spent much of his career photographing sharks. For this photo, he waited in his boat for a whole day to get the image he wanted.

New technology is changing how we create and share images. But don't believe everything you see!





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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If something is **fake**, it is not real.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>If something is **dramatic**, it is exciting and amazing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>If something goes viral, it spreads around the Internet very quickly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Several refers to a small number that is more than two.

### UNDERSTANDING THE READING

UNDERSTANDING  A Which of the following would be the best alternative title for the passa		je?	
THE GIST	<ul><li>a. National Geographic's Best Shark Photos</li><li>b. Don't Believe Everything You See</li><li>c. Famous Photos that Went Viral</li></ul>		
UNDERSTANDING	<b>B</b> Read the sentences. Circle <b>T</b> for true or <b>F</b> for false.		
DETAILS	1. Photo A on page 67 was popular on the Internet.	T	F
	2. Bob Burton is the name of a National Geographic photographer.	T	F
	3. Every year, National Geographic gives a prize for photo of the year.	T	F
	4. Photo A on page 67 was made using a computer.	T	F
	5. Chris Fallows has spent a lot of time photographing sharks.	T	F
UNDERSTANDING DETAILS	What are two clues that can help you decide if a photo is real or fake? No answers below. Then discuss with a partner.	ote you	r
	1		
	For example,		
	2		
	For example,		
CRITICAL THINKING: APPLYING	How can you decide if a news story you see on social media is real or fakideas in the passage to help. Note your ideas below. Then discuss with a		
CRITICAL THINKING: EVALUATING	Note answers to the questions below. Then share your ideas with a part	ner.	
	Why do you think people create fake photos or fake news stories?  ———————————————————————————————————		
	What problems can fake information cause?  ———————————————————————————————————		

## Writing

### **EXPLORING WRITTEN ENGLISH**

A	Read the sentences below and answer the question.
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NOTICING

- 1. He waited in his boat for a whole day to get the image he wanted.
- 2. Someone put several photos together to create the picture.
- 3. In the past, people sent their camera film to a shop to get photos printed.
- 4. Look at other accounts to find out which hashtags are popular, and use them.

### What do the underlined words describe?

a.	places	b.	reasons	C.	time

### LANGUAGE FOR WRITING Infinitives of Purpose

An infinitive is the base form of a verb starting with to (e.g., to send, to share, to communicate, to find out). We can use an infinitive of purpose when we want to say why or for what reason someone does something.

Why do you spend time on social media?

I spend time on social media **to see** what my friends are doing and **to find out** what is happening in the world.

Why do you post photos of food?

I post photos of food **to show** people what I'm eating.

You can also start a sentence with an infinitive of purpose. A comma is needed to separate the clauses.

**To chat** with my friends, I use WhatsApp.

B Match the sentence parts to make full sentences
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	<ol> <li>I use my dictionary app</li> </ol>	a. to take photos.
	2. Many people use Instagram	b. to share photos with friends.
	3. Most people use their smartphones	c. to look up new words.
C	Rewrite each sentence in <b>B</b> with the infinitive 1. To take photos,	ve phrase at the start of the sentence.

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1.	Why do most people use social media sites like Facebook?
2.	What app do you use the most? Why do you use it?

### NOTICING **E** Read the sentences and answer the question below.

3. Why do you think many people still use email?

- 1. He never thought he would be successful, but he was wrong.
- 2. Photo-sharing sites like Instagram and Flickr are getting more popular.
- 3. Is anything in the photo too big <u>or</u> too small?

### What is the purpose of the underlined words?

a. to join ideas b. to show cause and effect c. to show the reason for something

### **LANGUAGE FOR WRITING** Using and, but, and or

You can connect ideas in a sentence using and, but, and or.

Use and to connect two or more items. You can also use and to connect two sentences.

Use commas to separate three or more items in a series.

Use a comma to separate two sentences.

I use Facebook **and** Twitter to share information.

I use Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, **and** Snapchat to share photos.

I post on Instagram once a day, **and** I post on Imgur once a week.

Or is used to show two or more choices. Use or to connect two or more items in a series or to connect two sentences.

Do you prefer to post photos on Facebook **or** Instagram?

Right after I wake up, I usually log on to Facebook, Twitter, **or** Instagram.

I can email the photo to you, **or** I can post it on Instagram.

But shows two opposite or different ideas. Use but to connect two sentences. Use a comma to separate the two sentences.

I like Facebook, **but** I don't like Twitter.

I never post on Facebook, **but** I post a lot on Instagram.

### **F** Circle the correct conjunction in each sentence.

- 1. My tablet is useful, **but / or** it's quite heavy.
- 2. I log on to Facebook every day, **and** / **but** I don't often use Twitter.
- 3. I post photographs on Pinterest **or / but** Imgur, **and / but** I don't use Instagram.
- 4. When I wake up, I use my laptop **and / or** my tablet—whichever is closer to my bed.
- 5. Hove my car's GPS, **but / and** sometimes it gives me the wrong directions.
- 6. When I ride the bus, I look at Facebook, send emails, **but / or** read on my tablet.
- 7. It's hard to park in the city, so I use an app to find a parking space **but / or** I take the subway.
- 8. I use my dictionary app **but / or** go to dictionary.com to look up new words.

	1.	I post photos videos every day.			
	2.	I bought a new activity tracker to help me get healthier I still don't exercise.			
	3.	In the morning, I always have a cup of tea coffee.			
	4.	Send me an email a text when you get off work.			
	5.	We can order pizza online we'll have to wait a long time before it arrives.			
Н	Со	mbine the sentences using conjunctions. Add commas where they are needed.			
	I use my laptop for work. I use my phone for social media.				
	2.	Do you prefer Gmail? Do you prefer Yahoo?			
	3.	Before I buy new technology, I read reviews. I get recommendations from my friends.			
4. I use my phone to listen to podcasts. I use my phone to watch movies. I use to send emails.					
	5.	I can use my smartwatch to make phone calls. I prefer to call people on my smartphone.			
	6.	I comment on people's photos on Facebook. I don't comment on news articles.			

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### **WRITING TASK**

**GOAL** You are going to write sentences on the following topic: Which websites or apps do you use a lot? What do you use them for?

### PLANNING

- A Follow the steps to plan your sentences.
  - Brainstorm five apps or websites that you use or visit often. Write them in the chart.
  - Make notes about why you use each app or website. Think of two reasons for each.

Website / Name of App	Why?
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

FIRST DRAFT B Use your notes to write five sentences about the apps and websites that you use. Use infinitives of purpose and and, but, and or.

**Example:** I use WhatsApp to talk to my hockey team and to share pictures of our games.

EDITING C Now edit your draft. Correct mistakes with infinitives of purpose and using and, but, and or. Use the checklist in the back of the book.

### LINIT REVIEW

What are two ways to tell if a photo is fake?  ———————————————————————————————————	<ol> <li>Do you remember the meanings of these words?         Check (✓) the ones you know. Look back at the unit and review the ones you don't know.     </li> </ol>		
2. What are three words that can be used to join ideas in a sentence?	Reading 1: □ click on □ find out □ opinion □ user	□ communicate <b>™</b> □ hobby □ photo	□ contact <b>™</b> □ join □ post
	Reading 2: □ appear □ guess □ real	☐ believe ☐ missing ☐ shadow	☐ direction ☐ prize