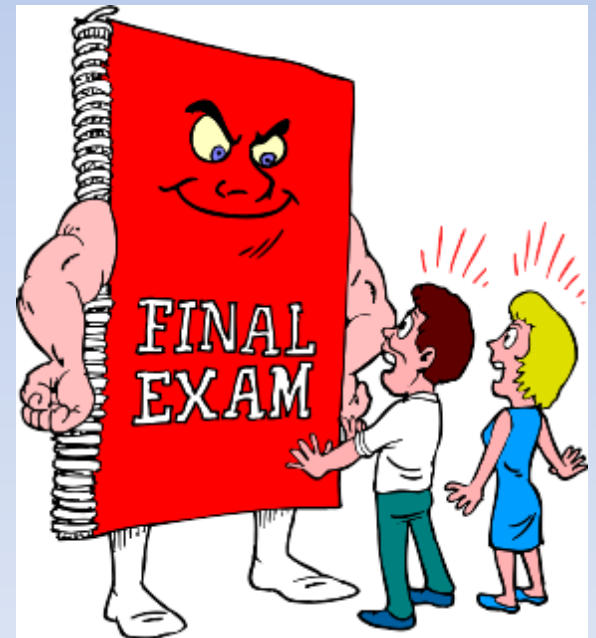


Common mistakes in Russian national exams and the remedy techniques

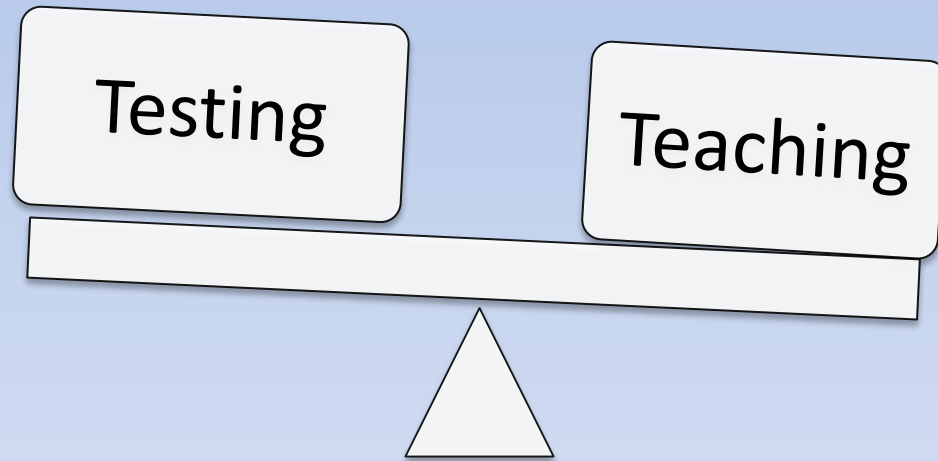


Стратегии ПОДГОТОВКИ К ЭКЗАМЕНАМ



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Рецептивные виды речевой деятельности/ проверяемые умения

Умение определить тему текста
Умение определить отношение говорящего к сказанному
Извлекать запрашиваемую информацию
Устанавливать временную и логическую последовательность основных фактов текста

Умение игнорировать неизвестный языковой материал, не мешающий пониманию
Интерпретировать информацию, данную в тексте

Отделять главные факты от второстепенных
Использовать языковую догадку и контекст
Обращать внимание на смысловое ударение, интонацию

Умение определить тему
Умение определить отношение автора к написанному
Извлекать запрашиваемую информацию
Устанавливать временную и логическую последовательность основных фактов текста

Использовать смысловую догадку

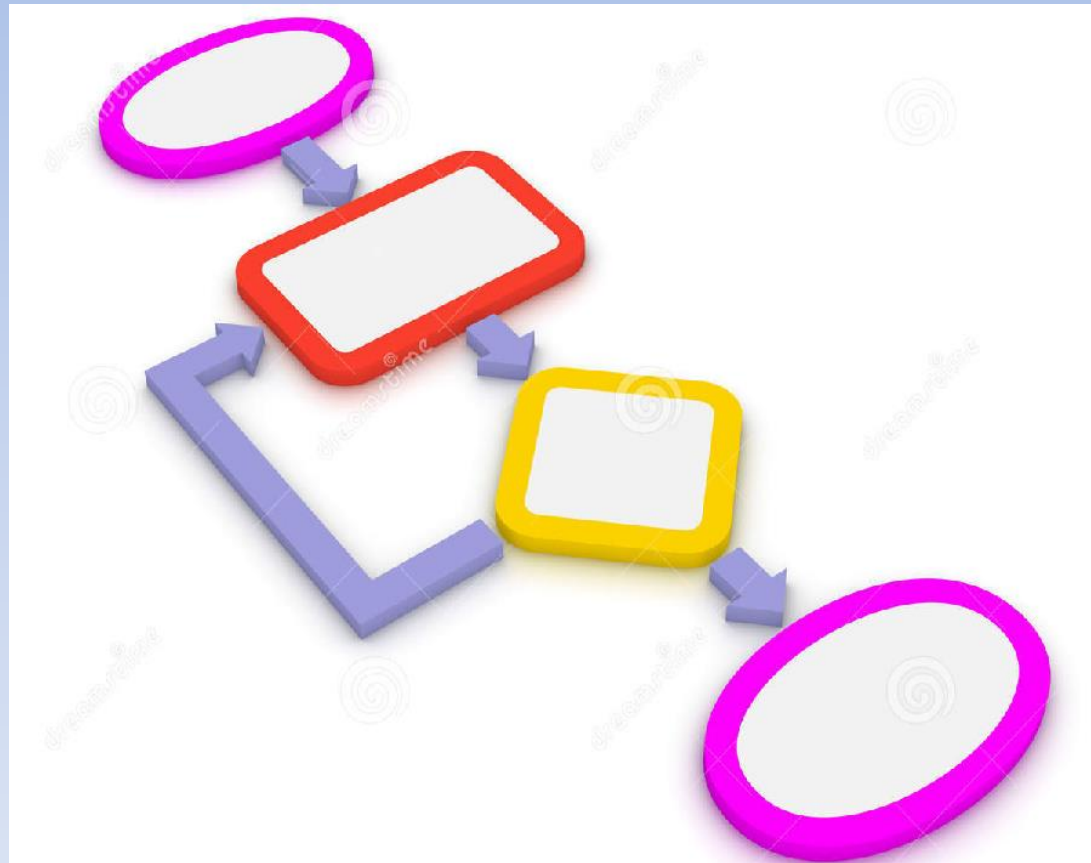
Интерпретировать информацию, данную в тексте

Умение отделять главные факты от второстепенных
Использовать ознакомительное, просмотровое, поисковое и изучающее чтение
Использовать различные приёмы смысловой переработки текста

Типичные ошибки связаны

- с неправильной **организацией** процесса выполнения задания (стратегия выполнения определённого типа задания),
- с трудностями **языкового** характера(лексико-грамматические),
- с трудностями **когнитивного** характера(анализ, синтез, сравнение, обобщение).

Организация



До выполнения задания убедитесь, ЧТО ВЫ ЗНАЕТЕ...

1. Сколько текстов вы услышите в задании 1?
2. Какие типы текстов вы будете слушать: диалоги или монологи?
3. Сколько раз вы сможете прослушать каждый текст?
4. Сколько времени у вас будет, чтобы подумать над заданием после первого прослушивания: 10, 20 или 30 секунд?
5. Сколько времени у вас будет, чтобы проверить свои ответы после второго прослушивания: 10, 20 или 30 секунд?
6. В задании нужно определить тему, которую обсуждают собеседники или определить место, где они находятся?
7. Сколько вариантов ответа вам будет дано и сколько из них вам нужно использовать?

Put the steps in the best order

- a) Read each question
- b) Decide which is the right answer
- c) Study the relevant part of the text carefully
- d) If you are not sure, eliminate the impossible ones and guess
- e) Quickly read the whole text
- f) Mark the parts of the text which relate to the answer
- g) Look at the alternative answers given

Do or Don't

Writing an opinion essay

_____ highlight the key words in the title.

_____ write about something different if you don't like the title.

_____ spend time planning your essay.

_____ write more than the specific number of words.

_____ write a draft of your essay.

_____ leave ten minutes in the end to check your work.

Языковые трудности



Задание В3

Прочитайте тексты и установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами А–G. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

- В3**
- 1 Centre for tourism
 - 2 Scotland's ancient past
 - 3 Types of Scottish music
 - 4 Means of transport
 - 5 Location and characteristics
 - 6 A Scottish symbol
 - 7 Population areas
 - 8 Climate of Scotland

- A** Scotland lies in the far north of the United Kingdom in the east of the United Kingdom. Its systems. To a great degree
- B** As far as evidence shows, people have lived in Scotland for over 12,000 years. That was when the last sheets of ice that had covered the area for thousands of years finally melted. Evidence of homes from 9,000 years ago still exist in Scotland. The well-preserved village of Skara Brae was built around 5,000 years ago. Made up of ten houses, it is older than England's Stonehenge and the Great Pyramid of Egypt.
- C** Scotland's weather is actually a bit warmer than other areas of the world that are as far north, such as parts of Canada and Russia. This is because warm air is pushed up from the Atlantic Ocean by winds that travel from south to north. These winds give Scotland milder winters, but its summers are often cooler and wetter as a result of these same winds. Areas near the sea only occasionally get snow.
- D** Most people in Scotland live in cities in the central lowland areas, known as the Central Belt. This is where Scotland's two largest cities of Glasgow and Edinburgh are located. Only one of Scotland's major cities, Aberdeen, is outside this region. Few people live in the mountainous areas of the north and the south. Only the biggest islands of Scotland that are easy to get to have people living on them.
- E** Scotland has a good system of roads that connect its major cities. There are also ferry services for travelling to the islands. In addition, Scotland has five international airports as well as several smaller, regional airports. One such airport uses a beach as its runway – the only one of its kind in the world. Trains provide a means of transport between cities, but only Glasgow, Scotland's largest city, has an underground railway system.
- F** The capital of Scotland is Edinburgh, located on the east coast. It is Scotland's second largest city, after Glasgow. Scotland's capital is the most visited city in Scotland and the second most visited place in the United Kingdom, after London. Edinburgh has a number of historical sites, the most famous being Edinburgh Castle. The city hosts a number of festivals in the summer, which provide entertainment such as music, performing arts and literature.
- G** The bagpipe has become a national icon of Scotland. As the name suggests, it is an instrument that consists of a bag with pipes attached to it. The bag is made from animal skin and it is covered with a colourful cloth that is characteristic of Scotland. The most famous Scottish bagpipe is called the Great Highland Bagpipe. It has become well known through its use in the British army and by pipe bands.

- A** Scotland lies in the far north of the island of Great Britain, which it shares with England and Wales. It joined the United Kingdom in the early 1700s after being an independent kingdom for over 800 years. Although it is a part of the United Kingdom, Scotland still follows its own rules and laws and it's got its own legal and educational systems. To a great degree, this allows Scotland to keep its national identity and culture.
- B** As far as evidence shows, people have lived in Scotland for over 12,000 years. That was when the last sheets of ice that had covered the area for thousands of years finally melted. Evidence of homes from 9,000 years ago still exist in Scotland. The well-preserved village of Skara Brae was built around 5,000 years ago. Made up of ten houses, it is older than England's Stonehenge and the Great Pyramid of Egypt.
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Тексты	A
Заголовки	

Определение основной мысли

The capital of Scotland is Edinburgh, located on the east coast. It is Scotland's second largest city, after Glasgow. Scotland's capital is the most visited city in Scotland and the second most visited place in the UK, after London. Edinburgh has a number of historical sites, the most famous being Edinburgh castle. The city hosts a number of festivals in the summer, which provide entertainment such as music, performing arts and literature.

Edinburgh is popular with people coming to visit the UK.

Edinburgh is popular with people coming to visit the UK.

- 1 Centre for tourism
- 2 Scotland's ancient past
- 3 Types of Scottish music
- 4 Means of transport
- 5 Location and characteristics
- 6 A Scottish symbol
- 7 Population areas
- 8 Climate of Scotland

Ключевые слова

For those of you with **money to spare**, going on a **luxury** cruise or staying in a **five-star hotel** may be exactly what you need. The **excellent** service, wonderful meals and **top-quality accommodation** would impress any traveller. Who could complain about breakfast in bed, pool-side service and friendly staff providing personal service? Just make sure you **can afford** it!

- 1 Cross-country drive
- 2 Only the best
- 3 Low-cost travel
- 4 Winter getaway
- 5 Beach holiday
- 6 Travel and health
- 7 A food holiday
- 8 Day trips

Ключевые слова

Trip, tropical island, expensive, sunshine, deserve a break, fed up, worth the expense

- 1 Cross-country drive
- 2 Only the best
- 3 Low-cost travel
- 4 Winter getaway
- 5 Beach holiday
- 6 Travel and health
- 7 A food holiday
- 8 Day trips

ВНИМАНИЕ К КОНТЕКСТУ

The Speaker believes that

- A. for some people, old habits never die
- B. sometimes it is a mistake to write a letter
- C. writing letters in English is good practice
- D. letter writing is a waste of time
- E. it is a waste of time making your views known
- F. persistence eventually gives some results
- G. seven together will be better than one.

write thank you letters, marked and graded, first attempts, checks for bad grammar, spelling mistakes, gives them a grade, mistakes

Перифраз, синонимы

Выберите предложение, близкое по смыслу из трех вариантов.

1. I wish it would rain.

- It is raining now.
- It would be good if it rained.
- It is going to rain soon.

2. This is unusual for March.

- It is common for March.
- It is not common for March.
- It is not uncommon for March.

3. You are from Florida.

- You've just come from Florida.
- You are living in Florida.
- Your native state is Florida.

4. We should have gone to California.

- We had better go to California.
- We should move to California.
- We made a mistake not going to California.

Перифраз, синонимы

Задание В2

Вы услышите 5 высказываний. Установите соответствие утверждениями, данными в списке 1–6. Используйте в списке 1–6 есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы

- В2**
- 1 The speaker explains that it's best to go on
 - 2 The speaker says he/she enjoys learning t
 - 3 The speaker talks about staying in his/her
 - 4 The speaker explains how he/she enjoys k
 - 5 The speaker says getting to the destination
 - 6 The speaker talks about taking it easy whi

Говорящий	A	B
Утверждение		

accommodation	1 2 3 4
destination	1 2 3 4
countryside	1 2 3 4
keeping busy	1 2 3 4

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER

Why can't John go on a boat trip?

- 1.He doesn't feel well.
- 2.He has booked the theatre tickets.
- 3.He is scared of the water.

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER

Why can't John go on a boat trip?

Why isn't it possible for John to go on a cruise?

Why can't John go sailing? Why isn't it possible for John to take part in the boat trip?

1. He doesn't feel well.

John is unwell. John is sick. John has a bad cough.

1. He has booked the theatre tickets.

He has arranged to see a play. He has got tickets for a musical.

1. He is scared of the water.

He is afraid of being on the water. He is frightened of the sea.

Сравнение языковых явлений

1) I'm going to give them a wedding present.

I'm giving them a set of cutlery as a wedding present.

2) She is aggressive.

She is being aggressive.

3) Josie's sister's pet doesn't move around as much as Brian's.

Josie's sister's pet moves around far more than Brian's pet.

4) He was working as a waiter at the time.

He worked as a waiter when he was young.

5) He has always liked countryside.

He used to like countryside.

Языковая догадка и лексический запас

THE RIVER STYX

I suppose when embarking on a hiking adventure in Greece, you would expect to encounter ancient temples with columns dotted about haphazardly, or some charming but run-down old stone houses that have seen better days. I don't know why in retrospect, but the thought of travelling through a mythological place never once entered my mind – until I was minutes from reaching it. I'm talking about the River Styx – the one from Greek mythology that the recently departed would cross to make their lonely journey into the afterlife. Who would have thought it was an actual, tangible river?

Before our departure, I had no idea that our itinerary included a visit to this eternal spring, into whose cool waters the mythical hero Achilles was supposedly dipped in order to achieve immortality.

Our coach left at seven o'clock in the morning – a punishing time to set off on any kind of journey at the weekend, made worse by the prospect of hours of hiking ahead. But we'd been in this situation before – the coach always departed for these trips at that same uncomfortable time. And like before, as the coach rolled by the dense, green forests and snow-capped mountains, the spectacular scenery did its best to stun and amaze us through the thick wall of our tiredness. What a shame we couldn't experience it with our senses sharp and alert.

We arrived at the lake, sluggishly exited the coach and wandered about. Admittedly – and unfortunately – I wasn't too interested in the scene. I'm sure its crystal-clear, azure-blue waters were a wonderful sight to behold, but my eyes were too tired

And so our hike began. I noticed early on that it was less strenuous than ones I'd been on in the past. As we moved over the relatively flat terrain, I began to feel a sense of relief. I do love the exercise of hiking, but my threshold for pain is nevertheless low. But after a couple of hours and a few breaks, the terrain began to incline, much to my dismay. Usually on these hikes you begin to ascend robotically, which has always bothered me. What's the point of hiking in the mountains if you can't enjoy the sights?

Then the appearance of a sign caught my eye. It said, in Greek of course, something about immortal waters. I asked my travelling companion for a little help in the translation, and he confirmed that we were in fact heading for the River Styx. Now, I wouldn't call myself a

Языковая догадка и лексический запас

The River Styx.

I suppose when [redacted] on a hiking adventure in Greece, you would expect to [redacted] ancient temples with columns dotted about [redacted], or some charming but [redacted] old stone houses that have seen better days.

Языковая догадка и лексический запас

Использовать потенциал текста для расширения словарного запаса.

Before our departure, I had no idea that our itinerary included a visit to this eternal spring, into whose cool waters the mythical hero Achilles was supposedly dipped in order to achieve immortality.

A plan of a journey

To put smth quickly into a liquid and take it out again

Without an end, continuing forever

Работа с дистракторами

- Ответ содержит слова из текста, но общий смысл другой.
- Ответ содержит преувеличения (always, all, never, everybody, etc).
- Ответ содержит информацию, о которой мы можем знать из жизни, но в тексте данная информация отсутствует.
- Ответ выглядит правильным, но не соответствует времени повествования.
- В ответе используется слово из текста, но в другом значении.
- Ответ содержит упоминаемую в тексте информацию, но неправильно интерпретированы слова-заместители (личные, притяжательные, указательные местоимения).

ВНИМАНИЕ К КЛЮЧЕВЫМ СЛОВАМ

5. Прослушайте аудиозапись к заданию В1 еще раз и приведите номера аудиофрагментов, которые содержат соответствующую информацию.

In which text(s) is there information about:

autumn event

— —

a screen version of a book

— —

young people

— —

crazy competition

— —

movies

— — — —

actors or film characters

— — — .

Colour code

Memory is a strange thing. As I looked through the chest's contents, looking at the nearly forgotten places and faces, time seemed to travel backwards and the years fell away. I stared at the photo I held in my hand and I was in my twenties again. Looking out at me from the picture was one of my oldest and dearest friends. His name was Seamus and as you may have guessed he was Irish, County Cork born and bred. Perhaps because of his background – the Irish are famous for their storytelling abilities – Seamus could talk non-stop about the places he had been, the people he had seen and the things he had done without ever losing the interest of his listen

A16 What does the narrator reveal about Seamus?

- 1) That he was 20 years old.
- 2) That he was strange.
- 3) That he was too talkative.
- 4) That he came from Ireland.

Трудности когнитивного характера



ВЫ УСЛЫШИТЕ ЧЕТЫРЕ КОРОТКИХ ДИАЛОГА, ОБОЗНАЧЕННЫХ А, В, С И D. В

ЗАДАНИИ В1 ОПРЕДЕЛИТЕ, ГДЕ ПРОИСХОДИТ КАЖДЫЙ ИЗ ЭТИХ ДИАЛОГОВ. ИСПОЛЬЗУЙТЕ КАЖДОЕ МЕСТО ДЕЙСТВИЯ ИЗ СПИСКА 1–5 ТОЛЬКО ОДИН РАЗ. В СПИСКЕ 1–5 ЕСТЬ ОДНО ЛИШНЕЕ МЕСТО ДЕЙСТВИЯ. ВЫ УСЛЫШИТЕ ЗАПИСЬ ДВАЖДЫ. ЗАНЕСИТЕ СВОИ ОТВЕТЫ В ТАБЛИЦУ.

1. In a car park
2. At a traffic light
3. On a motorway
4. At a petrol station
5. At a car mechanic's

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ				

ОТРИЦАТЕЛЬНЫЕ ПРЕДЛОЖЕНИЯ И УТВЕРДИТЕЛЬНЫЕ ПРЕДЛОЖЕНИЯ С ОТРИЦАТЕЛЬНЫМ СМЫСЛОМ

Susan is disappointed with her test results.	Susan doesn't like her test results./Susan is not happy with her test results.
Tom's parents were too poor to pay for his studies	Tom's parents were not rich enough/didn't have enough money/didn't earn enough to pay for his studies.
She can't swim very well	She is a poor swimmer.
Few people would say super foods aren't healthy.	Few people would say super foods are harmful.

Перифраз

1. My father couldn't afford to buy the car. **The car...**
2. If you work carefully, you won't make so many mistakes. **The...**
3. My car is cheaper than the others. **Your car...**
4. You studied too little to pass the test. **You**
5. It'll take me at least twenty minutes to finish the letter. **I won't**
6. This task isn't much easier than the next one. **The next.....**

Логико-структурные связи

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски А–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

London's Shard

Named after a sharp piece of glass, the Shard, a skyscraper in central London, is currently the tallest building in the European Union. Completed in March 2012 and opened in July the same year, the Shard beats Frankfurt's Commerzbank Tower, **A** _____.

The building stands at around 310 metres, making it nearly one-third of a kilometre tall from bottom to top. Its shape is similar to a very narrow pyramid **B** _____. Architect Renzo Piano's idea was to design a modern vertical city, but his plans were criticised by a number of organisations, including the group English Heritage, which said the building would 'tear through historic London like a shard of glass'. It is this phrase that has ironically led to the building's current name.

Despite the criticisms, many Londoners believe that the building is beautiful and is a welcome addition to the London skyline. It can certainly be seen from miles around. The panes of glass are angled so as to reflect light and the sky in a way **C** _____. On dull days, clouds roll across it, while on sunny ones it is sky blue.

The building has 72 usable floors designed to include offices, a hotel, apartments and restaurants, with a large multi-level viewing gallery near the top. At a height of 245 metres, this offers fantastic views of London **D** _____.

The building contains plenty of office space, aimed at media and financial organisations. The owners have always wanted to have a number of different companies based in the building **E** _____.

In keeping with the environmentally-friendly trend in architecture, the Shard is designed to be energy efficient. The building is equipped with a special power plant, using natural gas as fuel, **F** _____.

Прогнозирование содержания текста

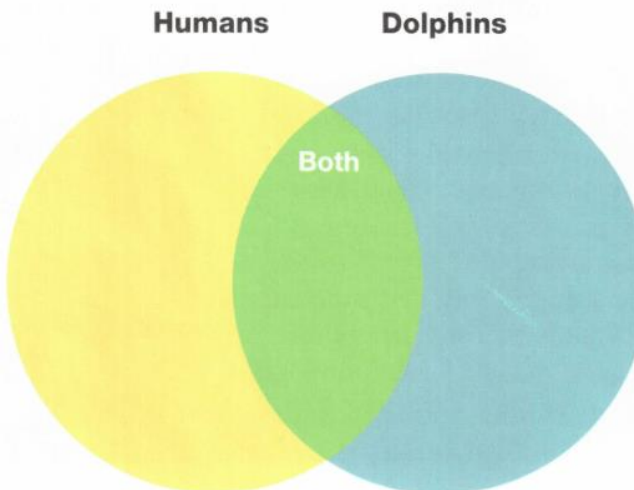
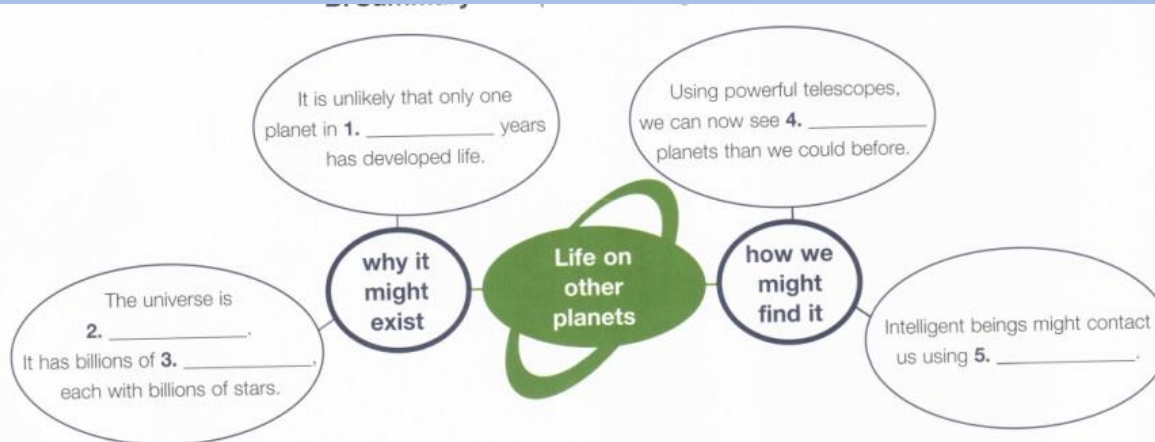
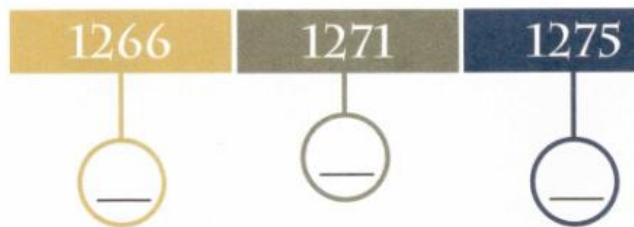
- A8** Why is Alana in the UK?
- 1) To record a CD.
 - 2) To get married.
 - 3) For personal reasons.
- A9** Which of the following is not true about the new CD?
- 1) It's Alana's fifth one.
 - 2) It's called *Cry Me the Blues*.
 - 3) Alana says it'll be her best yet.
- A10** Alana considers herself lucky because
- 1) her new CD contains ten songs.
 - 2) talented musicians perform on the CD.
 - 3) a UK producer is working on the CD.
- A11** Alana says the CD must be completed no later than
- 1) early December.
 - 2) the first few days of January.
 - 3) the last week of January.
- A12** For how long will Alana be on tour?
- 1) Twenty days.
 - 2) Thirty days.
 - 3) Fifty days.
- A13** According to Alana, what still hasn't been decided?
- 1) If she'll perform in Brussels.
 - 2) When she'll perform in Russia.
 - 3) Where she'll perform in Moscow.
- A14** Six months before the interview, Alana
- 1) read a script for a film.
 - 2) acted in a film.
 - 3) directed a film.

Определение временной и логической связи

Графические организ

B. Sequencing. Write the number of each on the timeline.

1. Marco begins working for Kublai Kha
2. Niccolò and Maffeo depart to visit the
3. Niccolò and Maffeo visit the Khan wit
4. Marco completes his book.
5. The three Polos leave China by shi



- a. play games in groups
- b. have their own names
- c. use spoken words to communicate
- d. plan ways to do some
- e. catch fish for food
- f. communicate their fee to each other
- g. choose their own nam
- h. use sounds and body language to talk

Определение временной и логической связи

also as that however contrary to since
currently moreover at the moment too
at present in addition to for furthermore

now

as well as

which

but

because

