# 19 Money

### 1 Borrow and lend

Complete the sentences with the correct	form	of
borrow or lend.		

۱.	Can I£5 until tomorrow?
2.	Can you me £5 until tomorrow?
3.	Why don't you talk to your bank about things?  Maybe they could you some money
4.	Why don't you talk to your bank? Maybe you couldsome money from them.
5.	Can I your calculator? Thanks.
6.	My dad me his car for the night – but I crashed it! He's going to kill me!
7.	Whatever you do, don't
	year – and he sun hash t paid me back:

# 2 Spending time and money

# Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	a few pounds a fortune all day	studying	trying watching	
Ι.	He's so lazy. He home,		ery evening sitt	ing at

2. She goes shopping every weekend. She spends

- 4. I don't know where all my money goes. I took £20 out of the cash machine earlier, I spent ....... on lunch and now I've got £1.60.
- 5. I've spent the last two weeks ...... for a new place to live and I still haven't found anywhere!
- 6. I spent all last weekend ...... to fix my car, but it still doesn't work properly.

#### **3** Conversation

# Complete the conversation with ONE word in each space.

ea	cii space.
B:	Have you got time (I)a coffee?
T:	Yes, OK. Where do you want to go?
B:	How (2) that place on the corner?
T:	Yes, fine. Oh no!
B:	What's the (3)?
T:	Oh, I've just realised I've (4)my wallet at home.
B:	Don't worry. It's OK. I'll (5)for the coffee.

- T: Yes, thanks, but it's not just that. I'm meeting someone at two and I'll have to go

  (6) ......home and get it. I can't spend the
  - (7) ..... day without any money.
- B: Well, do you want me to (8) ......you some?
- T: Would you (9) .....?
- B: No, of course not. How much do you need? Is  $\in$  30 enough?
- T: That'd be great, if you can.
- T: OK.
- B: There you are.
- T: Great. That's brilliant. I'll (II) ......you back next week, when I see you.
- B: Yes, fine. There's no (12) ............................... Have you ordered?
- T: No, I was waiting for you to get here. I wasn't sure how you like your coffee.

Can you remember where the pauses and the stressed sounds are in this conversation? Mark the pauses // and underline the stressed syllables. For example:

- A: Have you got time // for a coffee?
- B: Yes, OK. // Where do you want to go?

Compare your ideas about the pauses and stressed sounds with the tapescript in the Coursebook.

## **Making offers**

#### Match the problems with the offers.

- I. I can't get the top off this jar.
- 2. This bag's really heavy.
- 3. The cash machine's not working.
- 4. I'm really hungry.
- 5. I don't know where to go.
- 6. I hate walking home in the dark.
- a. Do you want me to show you where it is?
- b. Do you want me to make you a sandwich?
- c. Do you want me to come with you to keep you company?
- d. Do you want me to lend you some money?
- e. Do you want me to take it?
- f. Do you want me to try?

Now write a conversation between YOU and a friend like that in Exercise 3. Use one of the ideas above.

## **Banks**

#### Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

1	change	make	open	take out	transfer
١.	I'd like to			my PIN n	umber. I keep
	forgettin	g the one	e I have a	t the mome	nt.
2.	I'd like to			a new acc	count, please.
3.	I'd like to	······		a loan. l v	vant to start
	my own	business.			
4.	I'd like to	······		£500 fror	n my savings
	account	to my ot	her acco	unt, please.	
5.	l'd like to			a complai	nt. Can I
	speak to	the man	ager, plea	se?	

#### Now complete these sentences with the words in the box.

(	cancel	change	close	get	pay
6.		money on		y credit	card. I spend
7.		ne moment			
8.		times a bit			ard if I can. the end of
9.	I'd like to account, p	please.	th	is mon	ey into my
10.		another b		у ассои	ınt. I'm

## Money vocabulary

#### Match the sentence beginnings with the endings.

- I. Can I borrow £10? I'll pay 2. He's always buying things for other people. He's really 3. You should get a different credit card. They're charging you 4. You can change money in the post office, but they usually charge you 5. Do you know anywhere I can get a cheque 6. He never buys anything for anyone. He's really 7. If you'd like a credit card, you need to fill in 8. Have you seen Marcus today? I owe a. mean! f. cashed?
- b. £1.50 commission.
- c. him £30.
- d. 25 per cent interest!
- e. you back tomorrow, I promise.
- g. generous.
- h. this form first and bring in two proofs of address.

## Charge and cost

#### Things cost money and people or companies charge you. For example:

A: It cost £40 to have a check-up at the dentist.

B: You're lucky! My dentist charges £70 for a check-up.

#### Complete the sentences with cost or charge.

_		
١.	A:	How much did your flight?
	B:	£150 with British Airways.
2.	A:	How much do you for private
		lessons?
	B:	£30 an hour.
3.	Ве	careful with that. It me a
	for	tune – and I can't afford to replace it.
4.	A:	How much interest does your bank
		you on your credit card?

- B: About 20 per cent, I think. Why? 5. Our car broke down and it ..... us
- £300 to get it repaired. 6. The bank will change your dollars for you, but they

٠.	The bank will change your do	mui	3 101	, .	u, Duc	ciicy
	four per c	ent	com	mis	sion.	
_	A D				1 11	- 13

- 7. A: Do you ..... to have it delivered? B: If you live within 25 miles of the shop, then we'll outside that area, it will .....£40.
- ...... us £220 to rent a car for the week. We drove all round the country.

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# Language note: overcharge, undercharge

If people or companies ask for more money than they should, they *overcharge* you. When people overcharge you, you often complain and ask for your money back. The opposite is when they *undercharge* you. Most people don't complain when this happens!

## 8 Comparing prices

# Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	bar bottle	can Ioaf	packet pair	pint tube
I.		•	in my country	than it is here. k home.
2.		only	in my country	than it is here. three pounds
3.	•	re. A	heaper in my c only	•
4.		•		than it is here. Op back home.
5.	•		eaper in my co only costs 20	ountry than it is Op back home.
6.			eaper in my co only costs 10	untry than it is Op back home.
7.	•	•	er in my countr only costs £1	ry than they are 5 back home.

#### Language note: a can of Coke

8. Beer is much cheaper in my country than it is here.

A .....only costs about £1 back home.

In shops, we buy cans of Coke and bottles of wine. When we have finished drinking the Coke or the wine, we throw away the empty Coke cans and wine bottles — or you could recycle them!

# 9 Key word: *pay*

# Complete the conversations with the words in the box.

	back bill	by cash	for get	how into	phone
I.		-	-	get this. I	? t's my treat.
					erous of you.
2.	A: Can y		ne some	money? I I	eft my wallet
	-	, but I'm a		-	y. I've got to pay
	A: Oh w	vell, never	mind.		
3.	A: Can	you lend n	ne some	money? I'l	pay you
	B: Sorry	, but I dor	ı't		oaid until the
4.	A: How	much is t	hat?		
	B: £85,	please		are yo	u paying?
		ot sure. D		discount i	f I pay
	B: No, I	'm afraid r	not.		
	A: Oh C	OK. Well, I	'll pay		card, then.
5.	I'd like to	pay this		my	account, please
6.		, I like tha		w much di	d you pay
				in the sale	s.
	omplete ith ONE		tence fr	om the c	onversations
a.	It's my		············••		
b.	Sorry, bu	ıt I'm a bit		of	money.
c.	I don't go month.	et paid		the er	nd of the
d.	Do I		a disco	ount?	
e.	No, I'm .		not		

f. I got it in the ......

# Key words for writing: however, but and although

However, but and although are very similar in meaning, but their grammar is different. But and although connect two parts of the same sentence. Although sometimes comes at the start of the sentence. However usually starts a new sentence and is followed by a comma. For example:

- You can phone the bank 24 hours a day, but it takes them a long time to answer.
- Although you can phone the bank 24 hours a day, it takes them a long time to answer.
- You can phone the bank 24 hours a day. However, it takes them a long time to answer.

However is more common in written English. We don't usually use it when speaking or when writing e-mails to friends.

#### Join the ideas using the words in brackets.

- I have written several times to complain. You have still not replied. (however)
- 2. I ordered a DVD from your website. I have still not received it. (but)
- 3. The DVD player I ordered was finally delivered yesterday. One part is missing. (although)
- According to your brochure, the teachers are very experienced. Some of them have never taught before. (however)
- 5. I phoned yesterday. You weren't in the office. (but)



## 11 Writing

# Complete the letter of complaint with the words in the box.

according	complain	enough	ordered
claimed	earliest	help-line	received

Dear Sir / Madam
I am writing to (I)about the service
I (2)from your website
www.books4u.co.ge. Over four months ago, I
(3)a book called The Joy of Text (order
number xxx3528WAL). You (4)that
books would be delivered within ten working days, but
my order has only just arrived – and it is the wrong
book! My book was supposed to be about literature, but
the one you sent me is more about biology!
I rang your (5)yesterday but I had to
wait for over 20 minutes before anyone answered.
(6)to your website, your staff are
friendly and good at their jobs, but the person I spoke
to told me that there was nothing she could do. When
I told her it was not good (7), she hung up.
To make things worse, I see from my bank statement
that you have already taken the money out of my
account.
I would like you to either send me the book I originally
ordered or return my money at the (8)
opportunity.
Yours faithfully
Bernard Walker

### Language note: According to

We often introduce written complaints with the pattern According to ..., but .... For example: According to your website, you provide a quick delivery service, but I've been waiting over a month for my order to be delivered.

We can use However in a similar way. For example: According to the brochure, the hotel was supposed to be modern. However, it didn't even have air-conditioning.

You can also write According to your newspaper / your publicity / your advert / your assistant / you. We don't say According to me. Instead we write I told you / informed you that ..., but .... If we are giving an opinion, we write As far as I am concerned, ....

Now write your own e-mail complaining about something you bought or a service you received.