

Before You Read

- A Strategy: Reading a map. Look at the map. How does each animal migrate—by air, sea, or land? Which animal travels the longest distance? Talk about your answers with a partner.
- **B Definitions.** Match the words with their meanings.
 - 1. completely 2. in common 3. swim 4. survive **5.** face (v.) **6.** challenge 7. avoid 8. in addition e. having something the same ____ **a.** also _____ **b.** to move through the water _____ **f.** to keep living **g.** 100% ____ **c.** a problem, or difficult thing **h.** to meet and try to fix a problem **d.** to try not to be near a person or bad condition or thing

Reading

Strategy: Skimming.

Quickly read the passage and write the number of the paragraph that has the answers to each question.

- a. How much water? _____
- **b.** Why migrate? _____
- c. How dangerous? _____
- **d.** How far? _____



▲ a onghorn herd runs across Wyoming, U.S.A.

Move as Millions, Sur vive a S One

- Great white sharks in the Pacific Ocean. Wildebeest in Africa. Arctic terns in the Atlantic. At first, these animals seem **completely** different. One **swims**, one walks, and the other flies. But they all have one thing **in common**. They all migrate.
- Some migrating animals move to a place with a better temperature. Some go to find food or water. The groups travel as one, trying to **survive**. During the trip, they **face** many different **challenges**.
- One challenge is distance. Some migrating animals take very long trips. They go far away from their home areas. For example, one great white shark swam from Australia to South Africa and back. In nine months, it swam about 20,000 kilometers.
- Another challenge is finding enough food and water during the journey. For example, each Mali elephant needs over 200 liters of water each day. To get this, they need to go from one waterhole to another.
- In addition, migrating animals have to avoid other animals that want to eat them. For example, the zebra has to stay away from lions. Traveling as a group helps keep them safe. All the zebras in the group can watch for danger. When one zebra is in trouble, the other members make a circle around it.
- By working as a group, migrating animals can survive some of the world's most extraordinary journeys.

Reading Comprehension

A Circle the correct answer.

Main Idea	1.	The main idea of the first p	paragraph is that	animals migrate.			
	;	a. not all kinds of	b. only similar	c. different kinds of			
Detail 2. The passage talks about big challenges for the animals.							
	;	a. two	b. three	c. four			
Detail	3.	Which of the following stat	tements is NOT true?				
	 a. It's about 20,000 kilometers from South Africa to Australia. b. An elephant needs more than 100 liters of water a day. c. Zebras help each other when they are in trouble. 						
Inference		From the passage, we car a. lions may eat zebras		s c. lions try to avoid zebras			
В	Str	rategy: Summary comp	oletion. Complete the	word web using			
	WO	rds from the passage.					
		to find a better		sharks, 1. ,			
		3		and 2.			
to find		Wh	y?	examples			
4 and 5 .				of animals			
and J.	'		ヘズメン				
			Migration	challenges			
		,		need to			
		ance—one shark	finding food and water	7			
	trave	eled 6. !	and water	other dangerous animals			

La	an	guage Practice			
A	Vo	ocabulary: Words in context. Answer the questions below.			
	1.	Who is completely different from you? Why?			
	2.	What do you have in common with your parents?			
	3.	Do you know how to swim ? When did you learn?			
	4.	What is one dangerous situation that is difficult to survive ? Why?			
	5.	What is one problem you have faced in the past? What did you do?			
	6.	What is one challenge you have now?			
	7.	What is something that you want to avoid? Why?			
	8.	In addition to English, are there any languages you want to learn? What are they			
В	Gı	rammar: Relative clauses with that. Read these sentences. Sentence b is			

- from the passage.
 - **a.** The animals also have to avoid other animals. Those animals want to eat them.
 - **b.** . . . the animals have to avoid other animals **that** want to eat them.
 - c. There are marks on the skulls. Scientists believe only modern technology can make these marks.
 - **d.** There are marks on the skulls **that** scientists believe only modern technology can make.

Word Partners

Use common with:

(n.) common belief, common language, common problem

(adj.) more/most common

(v.) have something in common

Join the sentences. Use that.

- **1.** The team discovered a tiny tree mouse. This animal travels from one tree to another.
- 2. First, you have to put on a vest. It has more than 12 ice packs across the front and back.
- **3.** Migrating sharks make a 20,000-kilometer trip. The trip takes nine months.
- 4. Archeologists have found evidence. The evidence shows the skulls are probably fakes.



Before You Read

▲ Monarch butterflies rest on a tree on their migration to Mexico.

A Quiz. How much do you know about monarch butterflies?

Take the quiz. Circle True (T) or False (F). Then check your answers below.

1. Monarchs weigh less than a penny.1

T F

2. A monarch butterfly can only fly 10 kilometers a day.

T F

3. Monarch butterflies migrate further than any bird.

- -

¹ a penny

B Definitions. Match the words with their meanings.

- 1. everywhere
- 2. in fact
- 3. somehow
- 4. arrive

- 5. gather
- **6.** young
- 7. smile
- 8. encourage

____ a. to reach a place

_____ e. in a way that is surprising or hard to explain

_____ **b.** in all places

_____ **f.** the following is true or gives more information ____ **g.** to make someone feel more like

____ **d.** not old

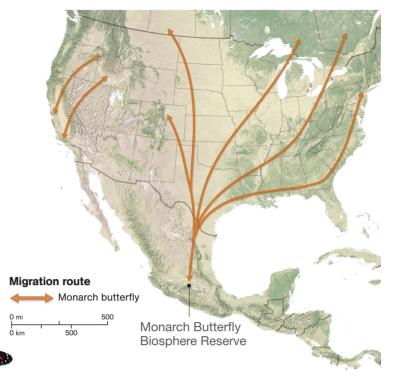
doing something

____ h. to bring people or things together

Reading

Strategy: Predicting. Look quickly at the title, headings, pictures, and captions and answer the questions below. Then read the passage to check your answers.

- **1.** Do monarch butterflies prefer warm or cool temperatures?
- 2. How do people feel when they see the monarchs?



Heading South for the Winter

The monarch butterflies have the power to make people smile.

² a shadow



One monarch butterfly flies by. Then another, and another. As they fly, the butterflies seem to float in the sky. They make beautiful shadows on the ground below. They seem to be everywhere. In fact, there are so many butterflies that the groups look like beehives

in the trees. And when they fly, the sound of 150 million monarchs' wings creates a soft sound, as though it is raining. People say Mexico is the only place in the world where you can hear the sound of butterflies' wings moving.

The Migration

³ a beehive

Every year, millions and millions of monarch butterflies migrate from the U.S.A. and Canada. They go to a place high in the mountains of Mexico. There, they can escape from North America's cold winter temperatures. To get there, the monarchs often travel over 80 kilometers⁴ a day. But what's really amazing is that the butterflies make the trip only once. **Somehow** they know exactly where to go.

The Effect on People

After the butterflies **arrive** in Mexico, people **gather** to watch. The effect on people is amazing. **Young** and old, men and women, locals and people from far away—everyone is **smiling** and friendly. It's as though the butterflies **encourage** people to be their best.

¹ When something **floats**, it moves quietly and slowly through the sky or water.

^{4 80} kilometers = 50 miles

Reading Comprehension

A Circle the correct answer.



- **Inference** 1. According to the passage, the sound of the butterflies moving is
 - a. something people want to avoid
 - **b.** easy to imagine
 - c. nice to listen to

- **Vocabulary 2.** Each monarch butterfly joins the migration _____.
 - a. just one time
 - **b.** a few times
 - c. one time a year

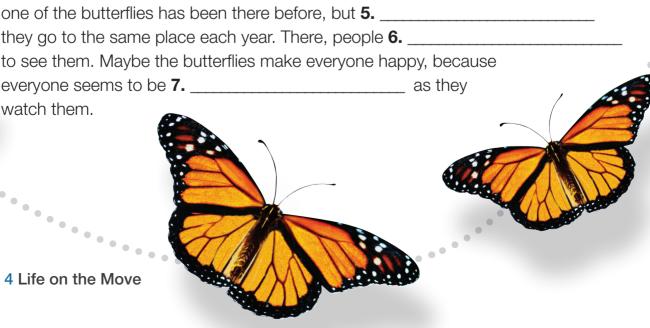
- **Detail 3.** According to the passage, _____ will like watching the butterflies.
 - a. almost everyone
 - **b.** mainly butterfly experts
 - c. mainly young people

- **Inference 4.** The writer probably _____ the butterflies know where to go.
 - a. understands exactly how
 - **b.** thinks it's extraordinary that
 - c. has written a book about how



Every year, 1.	of monarch butterflies leave					
North America before it gets too 2	They travel to					
3 where t	he temperature is warmer. It's a long trip					
and they sometimes fly more than 4.	every day. Not					
one of the butterflies has been there before, but 5.						
they go to the same place each year. Th	ere, people 6.					
to see them. Maybe the butterflies make everyone happy, because						

watch them.





Language Practice

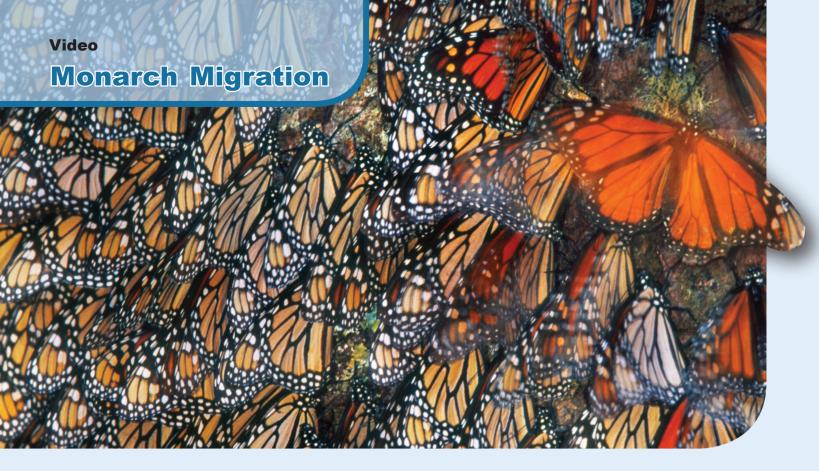
A Vocabulary: Words in context. In each sentence, circle the best answer. **1. Everywhere** on Earth, people wear _____. **b.** clothes a. gloves 2. At which of these places might people gather? **b.** a stadium a. a bed **3.** If you **somehow** pass a test, it is _____ for you. **b.** difficult a. easv **4.** When do most people **arrive** at school? a. in the morning **b.** in the afternoon **5.** Which of these is **young**? a. a puppy¹ **b.** a grandparent ¹ a puppy **6.** People usually **smile** when they are . . **a.** happy **b.** unhappy 7. When someone **encourages** you to do something, they want you to _____ it. **b.** avoid **a.** try **8.** When you say **in fact**, you are usually _____ information. a. asking for **b.** giving **B** Grammar: Relative clauses with where. Read these sentences. Sentence **a** is from the passage. **a.** Mexico is the only place in the world **where** you can hear the sound of butterflies' wings moving. **b.** Sometimes they move to a place **where** there is a better temperature. Complete each sentence using where and information that is true for you. Share your answers with a partner. 1. I want to go to a country where _____ 2. Last week I went to _____ where I 3. I love places where I can _____

Word Partners

Use smile with:

(v.) smile and laugh, make someone smile, see someone smile

(adj.) big/little/small smile, friendly smile, sad smile, shy smile, warm smile, wide smile



A	Preview. The video discusses some problems that monarch butterflies face when
	they reach Mexico. Which do you think are some of these problems?

П	cold temperatures	\Box to	nan	y tourists
ш	cold torriporatures		JIIIaii	y tourioto

- $\ \square$ hot temperatures $\ \square$ people cutting down trees
- □ storms □ people catching butterflies

B As you watch. Circle the correct answer in each sentence.

- **1.** Every year, 300 (**million** / **billion**) butterflies travel from North America to the butterfly sanctuary.
- **2.** In 2002, a (**rain storm** / **wildfire**) killed millions of monarch butterflies.
- **3.** Mike Quinn is worried about (the number of tourists / the loss of trees).
- **4.** In 30 years, the number of (**trees** / **butterflies**) in the area has gone down 50 percent.
- **5.** The Mexican government is paying money to (land owners / butterfly farmers) to help the butterflies.
- C Think about it. What else can people do to help the butterflies?