

Almost everyone loves beach vacations. But there are many different kinds of beaches and beach vacations. For example, some people like big resort hotels. Others would rather go to isolated beaches where there aren't many people. People also go to the beach for different reasons. Some go to relax. Others go to explore and be active.

If you could choose any type of beach vacation, where would you go? Grab your passport, your sunglasses, and some sunscreen, and let's visit some of the world's most interesting and amazing beaches.



Beaches with soft, white sand are very popular all over the world. The beach with the whitest sand in the world may be Hyams Beach in Australia. At least that's what the *Guinness Book of World Records* says. The sand on this beach is so white because it is made of tiny particles of quartz crystal.

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## Facts About Coral Reefs

Not far below the surface of the ocean lie colorful, large, rock-like structures called coral reefs. Many kinds of fish live in coral reefs. These reefs are found in tropical ocean waters around the world. Most reefs are between 5,000 and 10,000 years old. Some began as long as 50 million years ago!

## What Are Coral Reefs Made Of?

Coral reefs are made of thousands of tiny, tubeshaped animals called corals, or polyps. These animals are related to jellyfish but are much smaller. Most polyps are less than 2.5 centimeters (1 inch) in size. Corals get food from colorful algae, or tiny plants, that live on the coral. The algae give corals their beautiful colors, such as blue, red, yellow, orange, and green.

## **How Do Coral Reefs Form?**

A reef begins to form when a polyp attaches to something hard lying on the floor of the ocean. Before long, the polyp splits into thousands of other polyps. These connect to one another and form one large group of corals called a colony. These colonies grow and join together to form reefs over thousands of years.

## Why Are Coral Reefs Important?

Coral reefs cover less than 0.2% of the ocean floor. Yet coral reefs are home to at least 25% of all sea life on our planet! The reefs protect the sea creatures and provide them with food. But many reefs are in danger. If the reefs are not protected, more than a quarter of the original coral reef areas could be lost forever.